

Hazardous Waste Regulatory Update December 9, 2021

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Goals of presentation

- Give an overview of recent revisions to COMAR 26.13
- Provide details on some major changes
- Highlight some upcoming changes

Overview

- Major revisions to COMAR 26.13 effective May 3, 2021
- State's version of EPA's hazardous waste generator improvements rule
- Change to P075 Nicotine listing

<u>Complication – MD vs fed generator</u> <u>categories</u>

- •2 MD, 3 federal categories
- MD takes into account amount of waste accumulated in addition to monthly generation

<u>Overview – main features</u>

- Reorganize regs into a more logical order
- Make it easier to identify requirements
- Provide a clearer explanation of MD generator categories
- Clarify applicability of federal generator categories
- Adopt some new flexibilities
- Adopt required more-stringent provisions

Reorganization of 26.13.02 (1 of 2)

Structured to follow waste management process

- generator categories
- waste characterization
- notification/EPA ID numbers
- satellite accumulation requirements
- general accumulation requirements

Reorganization of 26.13.02 (continued)

- labeling/marking requirement
- consolidation of MDSQG waste
- manifest requirements
- pre-transport requirements
- closure requirements
- episodic generation events

Generator Categories

- Compliance w/ 26.13 mostly depends on MD generator category
- Some provisions require determination of federal generator category
 - notification form (EPA 8700-12)
 - biennial report form generator category
 - closure requirements
 - eligibility for certain relaxed requirements

MD Generator Categories (tables from "Compliance Guide")

Maryland Generator Status Based on Amount of Hazardous Waste Generated in						
a Calendar Month						
Quantity of acute	Total Quantity of	Quantity of residues	Maryland			
hazardous waste	hazardous waste	from the cleanup of	Generator			
generated in a calendar	(acute and non-acute)	spilled acute	Status			
month	generated in a	hazardous waste				
	calendar month	generated in a calendar				
		month				
> 1 kg	Any amount	Any amount	Fully			
	·		regulated			
Any amount	\geq 100 kg	Any amount	Fully			
			regulated			
Any amount	Any amount	≥ 100 kg	Fully			
			regulated			
< 1 kg	< 100 kg	<100 kg	MDSOG			

(note – criteria for certain containers and inner liners of containers specified in COMAR 26.13.03.01A-2(4)(a) and (b) have been omitted)

Maryland Generator Status Based on Amount of Hazardous Waste					
Accumulated at Any Time					
Quantity of acute	Total Quantity of	Quantity of	Maryland		
hazardous waste	hazardous waste	residues from the	Generator		
accumulated (i.e.,	(acute and non-	cleanup of spilled	Status		
amount on-site)	acute) accumulated	acute hazardous			
		waste accumulated			
> 1 kg	Any amount	Any amount	Fully		
			regulated		
Any amount	$\geq 100 \text{ kg}$	Any amount	Fully		
			regulated		
Any amount	Any amount	$\geq 100 \text{ kg}$	Fully		
			regulated		
$\leq 1 \text{ kg}$	< 100 kg	<100 kg	MDSQG		

Federal Generator Categories (table from "Compliance Guide")

Federal Generator Category (based on amount of hazardous waste					
generated in a calendar month)					
Quantity of acute	Quantity of non-	Quantity of residues	Federal		
hazardous waste	acute hazardous	from the cleanup of	Generator		
generated in a	waste generated in	spilled acute	category		
calendar month	a calendar month	hazardous waste			
		generated in a			
		calendar month			
> 1 kg	Any amount	Any amount	LQG		
Any amount	\geq 1,000 kg	Any amount	LQG.		
Any amount	Any amount	> 100 kg	LQG		
$\leq 1 \text{ kg}$	> 100 kg and <	$\leq 100 \text{ kg}$	SQG		
	1,000 kg				
$\leq 1 \text{ kg}$	≤ 100 kg	$\leq 100 \text{ kg}$	VSQG		

Key point:

Generator category is based on current situation with respect to generation and accumulation, no matter what the most recent notification paperwork says.

<u>Hazardous Waste Determination (waste characterization) – 26.13.03.02 thru .02-2</u>

- Failure to perform proper waste determination is one of the most common violations
- Revisions clarify process and criteria for what is an accurate waste determination
 - determine at point of generation, and at any point where properties of waste are likely to change; determine all codes
 - o criteria for "generator knowledge"
- New record keeping requirements (.02-2)

Notification – EPA ID Numbers (.03 - .03-2)

- expanded explanation of the process
- explanation of temporary numbers
- renotification requirements (once every 4 years; filing a biennial report counts)
- deactivation/reactivation of EPA ID numbers

Satellite Accumulation – highlights of changes

- State now allows 3-day grace period once quantity limit is reached
- Differs from federal regulation all waste that is contributing to the removal trigger must be removed, including new waste generated during 3-day grace period
- containers may be kept open in limited circumstances (venting of equipment, temporary venting to prevent extreme pressure buildup)
- New labeling to indicate nature of hazard

Accumulation - requirements for permit exclusion (90/180 day accumulation)

- •26.13.03.03-4 thru .03-10
- Some highlights:
 - clearer statement of obligations (training, contingency plan, etc.)
 - eligible for 180 days of accumulation if qualify as federal SQG, and do not accumulate more than 1,000 kg (1 kg acute hazardous waste)
 - waiver of 50-foot buffer requirement for ignitable hazardous waste for fed SQG

<u>Highlights – changes to waste accumulation</u> <u>requirements (continued)</u>

- contingency plan no longer have to submit copies if generator qualifies as federal SQG
- contingency plan "quick reference guide" requirement if generator is a federal LQG
- new labeling requirement for containers and tanks – indicate nature of hazard

New provision allowing waste consolidation from MDSQGs (26.13.03.03-11)

- Accumulation point and off-site locations under control of same person
- Consolidation point qualifies as federal LQG
- Off-site facilities are either MDSQG if in Maryland, or federal VSQG if in another state
- Notification requirement at least 30 days before accepting waste
- Record keeping for each shipment
- Follow waste accumulation requirements

Manifest Requirements (26.13.03.04)

 No change – federal regulations have preempted MD regulations; will soon incorporate federal manifest regulations into COMAR

Pre-transport requirements 26.13.03.05

 Allow use of electronic system, such as barcodes, to identify waste codes in in-transit containers

Closure requirements (26.13.03.05-1 & ,05-2)

- Clarifies closure requirements
- Clear statement of closure performance standard
- Clear statement that generator must have a written closure plan
- Closure notification requirement (new)
 - federal LQG when accumulation unit closed and when entire facility closed
 - others upon closure of facility (or ceasing generation/ mgmt. of hazardous waste

Episodic generation events (.03.05-3 – .05-5)

- allows generator to maintain MDSGQ status despite occurrence of an event that would otherwise make the generator fully regulated
- could be planned or unplanned event
- alternate management standards
- 60-day limit on accumulation
- normally only 1 episodic event allowed per calendar year
- strict notification requirements

Upcoming actions

- Finalize regs proposed 7/2/21
 - Mainly requirements already in effect in Maryland as a matter of federal law – Land Disposal Restrictions (LDR), international shipments, e-manifest
 - Codifies criteria for what constitutes "legitimate recycling"
- Should take effect late December or early January

Upcoming actions

Next set of proposed regulations – Spring 2022

- universal waste aerosol can rule
- hazardous waste pharmaceutical rule
- solvent contaminated rags and wipes
- revisions to ignitability characteristic
- airbag rule



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